

MATH 119: Quiz 7

Name: Key

Directions:

- * Show your thought process (commonly said as "show your work") when solving each problem for full credit.
- * If you do not know how to solve a problem, try your best and/or explain in English what you would do.
- * Good luck!

1. Solve the equation

$$2 \cos^2 \theta + \sin \theta = 1$$

$$\frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{1^2 - 2(-1)}}{2} \rightarrow -1 + 2 = 1 \checkmark$$

$$2(1 - \sin^2 \theta) + \sin \theta = 1$$

$$2 - 2\sin^2 \theta + \sin \theta = 1$$

$$-1 \qquad -1$$

$$-2\sin^2 \theta + \sin \theta + 1 = 0$$

Let $y = \sin \theta$. Then

$$-2y^2 + y + 1 = 0$$

$$(-y+1)(2y+1) = 0$$

$$(-\sin \theta + 1)(2\sin \theta + 1) = 0$$

$$-\sin \theta + 1 = 0$$

$$2\sin \theta + 1 = 0$$

$$\sin \theta = 1$$

$$\sin \theta = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$\textcircled{1} \theta = \frac{\pi}{2} \quad \text{f}(\cos)$$

$$\textcircled{1} \theta = \frac{7\pi}{6}, \frac{11\pi}{6}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \theta = \frac{\pi}{2} + 2k\pi$$

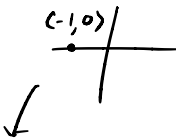
$$\textcircled{2} \theta = \frac{7\pi}{6} + 2k\pi$$

$$\theta = \frac{11\pi}{6} + 2k\pi$$

$$k \in \mathbb{Z}$$

2. Convert $(5, 5\pi)$ into rectangular coordinates.

$$r = 5, \theta = 5\pi$$



$$x = r \cos \theta = 5 \cos 5\pi = 5(-1) = -5$$

$$y = r \sin \theta = 5 \sin 5\pi = 5 \cdot 0 = 0$$

$$\boxed{(-5, 0)}$$

3. Convert $x^2 + y^2 = 4$ into polar coordinates.

$$r^2 = x^2 + y^2 \quad \text{so}$$

$$r^2 = 4$$

↓

$$\boxed{r = 2}$$

4. Convert $r = \frac{1}{\cos \theta - \sin \theta}$

$$(\cos \theta - \sin \theta) \cdot r = \frac{1}{\cos \theta - \sin \theta} \cdot (\cos \theta - \sin \theta)$$

missing r to use $r \cos \theta / r \sin \theta$

$$r \cos \theta - r \sin \theta = 1$$

$$\boxed{x - y = 1}$$